The Federation of the Church Schools of Shalfleet and Yarmouth



Long Term Planning Freshwater and Yarmouth Year 6 2024-2025

| | AUTUMN: History Focus | | SPRING: Geography Focus | | SUMMER: History and Geography | |
|---|--|---------|--|----------|---|----------|
| Title/Duration | WWII | | Climate Change | | MAYANS | |
| | Lest we Fo | orget | A Hot Topic | | The Magic Mayans | |
| Half Term Split | Autumn 1 | Autumn2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| Focus Curriculum Principle | Broad, Relevant and Balanced. Valuing all children, learning is accessible to all. | | High Quality Outcomes & Deep Learning. Challenging, engaging and motivating Coherent learning links and pathways | | Strong Working Partnerships. Promotes Independence and Curiosity. Opportunities for memorable experiences | |
| English (Focus Texts/Writing Opportunities) | Once - Diary writing - Historical Narrative - Explanation text - Setting description - Letter Writing Rose Blanche - Narrative - Diary writing Poems from the Second Wo - Poetry writing | rld War | Hugo Cabret - Diary writing - Setting description - Discussion text - Narrative x 2 Climate Change – The Hot Topic - Explanation Text - Discussion Text - Poetry | | The Arrival Letter writing Diary writing Persuasive Writing Poetry The Maya: Clever Ideas a Past Civilisations (The Ge - Explanation text Rain Player - Letter writing | |

| Maths | subtraction, multiplication and division methods, fractions and the four operations | | Statistics, decimals, shape, converting units of measure, area, perimeter and volume, fractions, decimals and percentages equivalents, position and direction, | | Problem solving and consolidation | | |
|---------|--|---|---|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| Science | Living things and their habitats | Electricity and Renewable Energy | Light | The Circulatory System | Evolution - Variations | Evolution – Adaptions and Fossils | |
| | WW2 | | N/A as this is pri | marily a geography topic | ANCIENT MAYANS | | |
| | Chronological understa | nding | | | Historical Interpretatio | <u>n</u> | |
| | -Order and place key his | | | | Find and analyse a wide about the past; | Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past; | |
| | understand and describe how these changes occurred Understand and describe in some detail how the Isle of Wight changed during WW2.Historical Interpretation-Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about WW2 that show different interpretations of events. Understand and reflect on these different points of view and how they link to historical fact. -Understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence, the impact of this on reliability and therefore how useful they are. -Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda on the British public and the German people. (Resources possibly available from Osbourne House)Historical Enquiry -Pupils should ask historically valid questions | | | | Use a range of evidence reasons for different in events, linking this to fa understanding about th | terpretations of actual | |
| | | | | | Consider different ways accuracy of interpretati | - | |
| | | | | | Start to understand the between primary and so and the impact of this c | econdary evidence | |
| History | | | | | Begin to evaluate the u different sources. | sefulness of | |
| | | | | | Historical Enquiry | | |
| | | | | | Recognise when they and secondary sources investigate the past; | | |
| | about change, cause, sin and significance and give | about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance and give informed responses | | | Use a wide range of diff collect evidence about | the past, such as | |
| | using relevant historical information (Linking in to war research on the Isle of Wight). -Use a wide range of different evidence to collect | | | | ceramics, pictures, docu sources, posters, online photographs, artefacts, | material, pictures, | |
| | information about the p pictures, documents, pri | ast, such as ceramics, | | | figures, sculptures, hist | oric sites; | |

| | online material, pictures, photographs, artefacts, historic statues, figures, sculptures, historic sites; (to support the island's link to the war). <u>Knowledge and understanding of events, people</u> <u>and changes in the past</u> -Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on the people of Britain and Germany e.g. the evacuation for children (compare and contrast these experiences). -Describe the key features of the past, including | | Select relevant sections of information to address historically valid questions and construct detailed, informed responses; Investigate their own lines of enquiry by posing historically valid questions to answer. Chronological understanding Order an increasing number of significant |
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| | attitudes, beliefs and the everyday lives of men, women and children (look at living through the Blitz and evacuation, the island perspective of the war too, link with drama activities). | | events, movements and dates on a timeline using dates accurately; Accurately use dates and terms to describe |
| | | | historical events; Understand and describe in some detail the main changes to an aspect in a period in history. |
| | | | Knowledge and understanding of events, people and changes in the past |
| | | | Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people; |
| | | | Describe the key features of the past, including attitudes, beliefs and the everyday lives of men, women and children. |
| | Human and Physical | Including field trips based on island studies | Locational Knowledge: |
| Geography | Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water; <u>Geographical skills and fieldwork</u> | Place Knowledge: Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of A regions around the world. | Locate the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night). |
| | | | Human and Physical: |

| Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. | Human and Physical: Physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, mountains and the water cycle. | Physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, mountains and the water cycle. |
|--|--|--|
| Place Knowledge: They have a deeper knowledge of people, resources, natural environment. Children are now conducting independent | Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water; | Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water; |
| research asking and answering questions. | | Geographical skills and fieldwork: |
| Human and Physical: | Geographical skills and fieldwork: | |
| Deepening their understanding of the difference between physical and human geography, explaining the terminology of both aspects of geography and using the key vocabulary to | Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. | Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. |
| demonstrate their knowledge and understanding. Geographical Skills and Fieldwork: | Use the eight points of a compass, four and six- figure grid references, symbols and key to build | Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key to build their knowledge of the wider world |
| Children focus on observing and recording the changes of human features over time. | their knowledge of the wider world | Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record |
| Use fieldwork to observe and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and digital technologies. | Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. | and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. |
| <u>Fieldwork</u> | | Locational Knowledge: |

Locational Knowledge:

Children use their knowledge of longitude,

latitude, coordinates and indexes to locate

Ask questions, come up with a range of methods to answer the questions through planning fieldwork, collecting field data, making concise judgements and drawing conclusions that show an understanding of other processes.

Children use their knowledge of longitude, latitude, coordinates and indexes to locate places focusing more on countries outside of Europe. Exploring and collecting fieldwork based on Erosion, rocks and soils, vegetation and use of landscape. places focusing more on countries outside of Europe.

Place Knowledge:

Develop their analytical skills by comparing areas of the UK and outside of the UK. They have a deeper knowledge of people, resources, natural environment. Children are now conducting independent research asking and answering questions.

Human and Physical:

Deepening their understanding of the difference between physical and human geography, explaining the terminology of both aspects of geography and using the key vocabulary to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding.

Geographical Skills and Fieldwork:

Children build on their map skills by communicating locations through grid references and coordinates. They also explain what makes a good map symbol and why. Children focus on observing and recording the changes of human features over time.

Use fieldwork to observe and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and digital technologies.

Place Knowledge:

Develop their analytical skills by comparing areas of the UK and outside of the UK. They have a deeper knowledge of people, resources, natural environment. Children are now conducting independent research asking and answering questions.

Human and Physical:

Deepening their understanding of the difference between physical and human geography, explaining the terminology of both aspects of geography and using the key vocabulary to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding.

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Fieldwork

| | | | Fieldwork Ask questions, come up v methods to answer the q planning fieldwork, collec concise judgements and c that show an understand Exploring and collecting f Erosion, rocks and soils, v landscape. | uestions through cting field data, making drawing conclusions ing of other processes. ieldwork based on | Ask questions, come up v methods to answer the q planning fieldwork, colled making concise judgemen conclusions that show an other processes. Explorin fieldwork based on Erosid vegetation and use of lan | uestions through cting field data, nts and drawing understanding of g and collecting on, rocks and soils, |
|------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| Art | Knowledge - Wartime art Jacqueline Hurley Make observations about known facts about their li Painting/Drawing - John WW2 artist from the time mixed media (wax relief, y perspectives, use inspirat photographs). Painting/Drawing - Jacqu poppies. Uses silhouettes poppies in acrylics. | their work/ styles and ves Piper commissioned e. Bombed out buildings watercolours, ion from Blitz ueline Hurley, modern, | Knowledge – Climate/nat Jenny Kendler and Benjar Make observations about known facts about their li Sculpture – Using the Ker Watching' learn techniqu mixed media (foil, tissue cellophanes) in order to c by it. Painting/Drawing - Using inspiration, learn effectiv techniques to create colla range of flowers. | min West their work/ styles and ives ndler sculpture 'Birds es and use a range of paper, paints, create a piece inspired g West's work as e watercolour painting | Knowledge – Learn about significance behind Maya their uses. Embroidery- They will de and proceed to sew this of Their designs will be insphistorical research and a have already observed. | n masks as well as sign their own mask onto dyed material. ired through their |
| Design & Technology | | Design and build a bomb shelter that can withstand a blast. Then decorate final design using mixed media for display. | | Creating a range of dishes that would be environmentally friendly then researching and costing up the ingredients before writing out our recipes and then | | Designing and making a Maya pyramid, including the base after we have learned about the history of them. Making a range of ancient Mayan foods and |

| Music | Songs of World War 2 Developing greater accuracy in pitch and control; identifying pitches within an octave when singing and using knowledge of pitch to develop confidence when singing in parts. | | Film music Exploring and identifying the characteristics of film music. Creating a composition and graphic score to perform alongside a film. | making them throughout the day. | | comparing them with modern day equivalents. Composing and performing a Leavers' song Children spend the topic creating their very own leavers' song personal to their experiences as a class. |
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| Computing | Computer Systems and Networks - 'Communication' Identify how to use a search engine Describe how search engines select results Explain how search results are ranked Recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom Recognise how we communicate using technology Evaluate different methods of online communication | Creating Media – 3D Modelling Review an existing website and consider its structure Plan the features of a web page Consider the ownership and use of images (copyright) Recognise the need to preview pages Outline the need for a navigation path Recognise the implications of linking to content | Programming A – Variables in Games Define a 'procedure' as something that can be run multiple times Explain why a procedure is used in a program Choose how to improve a game by using procedures Design a project that builds on a given example Use my design to create a project Evaluate my project | Data and Information – Spreadsheets Identify questions which can be answered using data Explain that objects can be described using data Explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated data Apply formulas to data, including duplicating Create a spreadsheet to plan an event | Creating Media – Web Page Creation Use a computer to create and manipulate three- dimensional (3D) digital objects Compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics Construct a digital 3D model of a physical object Identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapes Design a digital model by combining 3D objects | Programming B – Procedures in Games Define a 'variable' as something that is changeable Explain why a variable is used in a program Choose how to improve a game by using variables Design a project that builds on a given example Use my design to create a project |

| | | owned by other people - | | Choose suitable ways to present data | - Develop and improve a digital 3D model | Evaluate my project |
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| PE | Games - Tag Rugby | Athletics - Indoor athletics Games – Basketball Outdoor adventurous activities – Forest Schools | Gymnastics Athletics - Cross- country | Dance Games – Hockey Outdoor adventurous activities – Forest Schools | Athletics Games - Kwik Cricket | Athletics Games – Rounders Outdoor adventurous activities – Forest Schools |
| RE | Peace (M) Revelation of the Qur'an, sawm and Ramadan | Incarnation (C) An extraordinary baby | Ritual (M) Wudu and Eid-ul-Fitr and Eid al Adha | Resurrection (C) The empty cross | Love (S) Sewa | River of Life (H) Humanism Looking at humanistic traditions/ ways of life |
| French | To give basic greetings and responses To state their name To state their age and ask someone theirs To name the colours of the rainbow | To name and describe family members To name different pets To ask others about their pets To use adjectives to describe pets | To name and describe pets To count to 31 To state their birthday | To name different hobbies To describe opinions on hobbies To be able to describe clothing | To name different modes of transport To name different countries in French | - To name different holiday activities - To create a fact file about themselves |
| SMSC/PSHE | PSHE – Money manageme PSHE – Prejudice and disc | | PSHE – Peer pressure PSHE – The permanence | of online actions | PSHE – Transition to seco PSHE – Sex education | ndary school |
| | Value = R Social – Teamwork within each other in our topic lea making war time food rec | class, working with ssons, particularly when | Value = Rela Social – Teamwork withir each other to make argur related to issues around o | class, working with nents for debates | Value = Re Social – Teamwork within through the creation of 'N involves whole class coop Cultural – Looking at aspe | class, particularly Aayan music which eration. |

| | Cultural – Looking at British history and how the World War changed Britain and our relationships internationally. | Cultural – How has Britain contributed to climate change and how are we contributing to improving the situation? | Moral – Looking at the moral implications of the Mayan treatment and land use. |
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| | Moral – Looking at the moral implications of the choices made both sides of the War. | Moral – Looking at the moral implications of decisions made that have been detrimental to climate change. | Spiritual – Constant referral to issues around spirituality in worships (class and whole) |
| | Spiritual – Constant referral to issues around spirituality in worships (class and whole | Spiritual – Constant referral to issues around spirituality in worships (class and whole) | |
| Trips/Events/Vis itors/Risk Day | Estelle Baker WW2 Visit WW2-Based Trips | Climate Change Day Local field trip | Residential UKSA Paultons Park Year 6 leavers service (Portsmouth Cathedral) |